Environmental Protection Agency

after 180 days shall be corrected if credits are reduced. Errors in the manufacturer's favor will not be corrected if discovered after the 180 day correction period allowed.

- (i) Failure by a manufacturer participating in the ABT programs to submit any quarterly or end-of-year report (as applicable) in the specified time for all vehicles and engines that are part of an averaging set is a violation of section 203(a)(1) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7522(a)(1)) for each such vehicle and engine.
- (j) Failure by a manufacturer generating credits for deposit only in the HDE banking programs to submit their end-of-year reports in the applicable specified time period (i.e., 90 days after the end of the model year) shall result in the credits not being available for use until such reports are received and reviewed by EPA. Use of projected credits pending EPA review will not be permitted in these circumstances.
- (k) Engine families certified using NCPs are not required to meet the requirements outlined in paragraphs (f) through (j) of this section.
 - (l) [Reserved]
- (m) Additionally, except for small-volume manufacturers, manufacturers certifying vehicles shall submit for each model year 1998 light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, and gasoline- and methanol-fueled heavy-duty vehicle evaporative family:
- (1) In the application for certification the projected sales volume of evaporative families certifying to the respective evaporative test procedure and accompanying standards as set forth or otherwise referenced in §§ 86.090-8, 86.090-9, 86.091-10 and 86.094-11 or as set forth or otherwise referenced in §§ 86.096-8, 86.096-9, 86.096-10 and 86.098-11 or as set forth or otherwise referenced in superseding emissions standards sections. Volume projected to be produced for U.S. sale may be used in lieu of projected U.S. sales.
- (2) End-of-year reports for each evaporative family.
- (i) These end-of-year reports shall be submitted within 90 days of the end of the model year to: For heavy-duty engines—Director, Engine Programs and Compliance Divisions (6403J), For vehicles—Director, Vehicle Compliance and

Programs Division (6405J), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.

- (ii) These reports shall indicate the model year, evaporative family and the actual U.S. sales volume. The manufacturer may petition the Administrator to allow volume produced for U.S. sale to be used in lieu of U.S. sales. Such petition shall be submitted within 30 days of the end of the model year to the Manufacturers Operations Division. For the petition to be granted, the manufacturer must establish to the satisfaction of the Administrator that production volume is functionally equivalent to sales volume.
- (iii) The U.S. sales volume for end-ofyear reports shall be based on the location of the point of sale to a dealer, distributor, fleet operator, broker, or any other entity that comprises the point of first sale.
- (iv) Failure by a manufacturer to submit the end-of-year report within the specified time may result in certificate(s) for the evaporative family(ies) being voided ab initio plus any applicable civil penalties for failure to submit the required information to the Agency
- (v) The information shall be organized in such a way as to allow the Administrator to determine compliance with the Evaporative Emission Testing implementation schedules of §§ 86.096–8, 86.096–9, 86.096–10 and 86.098–11.

[58 FR 16025, Mar. 24, 1993, as amended at 58 FR 34536, June 28, 1993; 59 FR 16290, Apr. 6, 1994; 62 FR 54717, Oct. 21, 1997; 75 FR 22979, Apr. 30, 2010; 79 FR 23691, Apr. 28, 2014]

§86.099-10 Emission standards for 1999 and later model year Ottocycle heavy-duty engines and vehicles.

Section 86.099–10 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from §86.098–10. Where a paragraph in §86.98–10 is identical and applicable to §86.099–10, this may be indicated by specifying the corresponding paragraph and the statement "[Reserved]. For guidance see §86.098–10."

- (a) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.098-10.
- (b) Evaporative emissions from heavy-duty vehicles shall not exceed

§86.099-10

the following standards. The standards apply equally to certification and inuse vehicles. The spitback standard also applies to newly assembled vehicles. For certification vehicles only, manufacturers may conduct testing to quantify a level of nonfuel background emissions for an individual test vehicle. Such a demonstration must include a description of the source(s) of emissions and an estimated decay rate. The demonstrated level of nonfuel background emissions may be subtracted from emission test results from certification vehicles if approved in advance by the Administrator.

- (1) Hydrocarbons (for vehicles equipped with gasoline-fueled, natural gas-fueled or liquefied petroleum gas-fueled engines).
 (i) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of up to 14,000 lbs:
- (A)(1) For the full three-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements: 3.0 grams per test.
- (2) For the supplemental two-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements (gasoline-fueled vehicles only): 3.5 grams per test.
- (B) Running loss test (gasoline-fueled vehicles only): 0.05 grams per mile.
- (C) Fuel dispensing spitback test (gasoline-fueled vehicles only): 1.0 gram per test.
- (ii) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of greater than 14,000 lbs:
- (A)(1) For the full three-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements: 4.0 grams per test.
- (2) For the supplemental two-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements (gasoline-fueled vehicles only): 4.5 grams per test.
- (B) Running loss test (gasoline-fueled vehicles only): 0.05 grams per mile.
- (2) Total Hydrocarbon Equivalent (for vehicles equipped with methanol-fueled engines). (i) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of up to 14,000 lbs:
- (A)(1) For the full three-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements: 3.0 grams carbon per test.

- (2) For the supplemental two-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230-96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements: 3.5 grams carbon per test.
- (B) Running loss test: 0.05 grams carbon per mile.
- (C) Fuel dispensing spitback test: 1.0 gram carbon per test.
- (ii) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of greater than 14,000 lbs:
- (A)(1) For the full three-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements: 4.0 grams carbon per test.
- (2) For the supplemental two-diurnal test sequence described in §86.1230–96, diurnal plus hot soak measurements: 4.5 grams carbon per test.
- (B) Running loss test: 0.05 grams carbon per mile.
- (3)(i) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of up to 26,000 lbs, the standards set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section refer to a composite sample of evaporative emissions collected under the conditions and measured in accordance with the procedures set forth in subpart M of this part.
- (ii) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of greater than 26,000 lbs., the standards set forth in paragraphs (b)(1)(ii) and (b)(2)(ii) of this section refer to the manufacturer's engineering design evaluation using good engineering practice (a statement of which is required in §86.091-23(b)(4)(ii)).
- (4) All fuel vapor generated in a gasoline- or methanol-fueled heavy-duty vehicle during in-use operations shall be routed exclusively to the evaporative control system (e.g., either canister or engine purge). The only exception to this requirement shall be for emergencies.
- (c)–(d) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.098-10.
- (e) The standards described in this section do not apply to Otto-cycle medium-duty passenger vehicles (MDPVs) that are subject to regulation under subpart S of this part, except as specified in subpart S of this part. The standards described in this section also do not apply to Otto-cycle engines used in such MDPVs, except as specified in

Environmental Protection Agency

subpart S of this part. The term "medium-duty passenger vehicle" is defined in §86.1803.

[58 FR 16026, Mar. 24, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 48503, Sept. 21, 1994; 60 FR 43888, Aug. 23, 1995; 65 FR 6848, Feb. 10, 2000]

§ 86.099-11 Emission standards for 1999 and later model year diesel heavy-duty engines and vehicles.

- (a) Exhaust emissions from new 1999 and later model year diesel heavy-duty engines shall not exceed the following:
- (1)(i) Hydrocarbons (for diesel engines fueled with either petroleum-fuel or lique-fied petroleum gas). 1.3 grams per brake horsepower-hour (0.48 gram per megajoule), as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (ii) Total Hydrocarbon Equivalent (for methanol-fueled diesel engines). 1.3 grams per brake horsepower-hour (0.48 gram per megajoule), as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (iii) Nonmethane hydrocarbons (for natural gas-fueled diesel engines). 1.2 grams per brake horsepower-hour (0.45 gram per megajoule), as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (2) Carbon monoxide. (i) 15.5 grams per brake horsepower-hour (5.77 grams per megajoule), as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (ii) 0.50 percent of exhaust gas flow at curb idle (methanol-, natural gas-, and liquefied petroleum gas-fueled diesel only).
- (3) Oxides of Nitrogen. (i) 4.0 grams per brake horsepower-hour (1.49 grams per megajoule), as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (ii) A manufacturer may elect to include any or all of its diesel HDE families in any or all of the NO_{X} or NO_{X} plus NMHC ABT programs for HDEs, within the restrictions described in §86.098–15 as applicable. If the manufacturer elects to include engine families in any of these programs, the NO_{X} FELs may not exceed 5.0 grams per brake horsepower-hour (1.9 grams per megajoule). This ceiling value applies whether credits for the family are derived from averaging, trading or banking programs.
- (4) Particulate. (i) For diesel engines to be used in urban buses, 0.05 gram per brake horsepower-hour (0.019 gram per megajoule) for certification testing and

- selective enforcement audit testing, and 0.07 gram per brake horsepower-hour (0.026 gram per megajoule) for inuse testing, as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (ii) For all other diesel engines only, 0.10 gram per brake horsepower-hour (0.037 gram per megajoule), as measured under transient operating conditions.
- (iii) A manufacturer may elect to include any or all of its diesel HDE families in any or all of the particulate ABT programs for HDEs, within the restrictions described in §86.098–15 as applicable. If the manufacturer elects to include engine families in any of these programs, the particulate FEL may not exceed:
- (A) For engine families intended for use in urban buses, 0.25 gram per brake horsepower-hour (0.093 gram per megajoule);
- (B) For engine families *not* intended for use in urban buses, 0.60 gram per brake horsepower-hour (0.22 gram per megajoule). This ceiling value applies whether credits for the family are derived from averaging, trading or banking programs.
- (b)(1) The opacity of smoke emission from new 1999 and later model year diesel heavy-duty engine shall not exceed:
- (i) 20 percent during the engine acceleration mode.
- (ii) 15 percent during the engine lugging mode.
- (iii) 50 percent during the peaks in either mode.
- (2) The standards set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this section refer to exhaust smoke emissions generated under the conditions set forth in subpart I of this part and measured and calculated in accordance with those procedures.
- (3) Evaporative emissions (total of non-oxygenated hydrocarbons plus methanol) from heavy-duty vehicles equipped with methanol-fueled diesel engines shall not exceed the following standards. The standards apply equally to certification and in-use vehicles. The spitback standard also applies to newly assembled vehicles.
- (i) For vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating of up to 14,000 lbs: